

Religion / Worldview: Islam



Year Group: 2 Summer 1

the belief that 'All are equal in the

Discovery RE Knowledge Organiser Year 2, ages 6-7

Enquiry Question: Does going to a Mosque give Muslims a sense of belonging?

This knowledge organiser is a guide, offering key information to point the teacher in the right direction as to the beliefs underpinning the particular enquiry.

The summaries must not be taken as the beliefs of ALL members of the particular religion.

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| • • | sque and how it features in worship. They w | will consider the significance of the design and th | e important role it plays in the |
| community | | | |
| | | | |
| Core Knowledge (see also background information documents) | | Link to other aspects of belief | Personal connection / resonance |
| The Mosque is the Islamic place of worship and is the centre of the Muslim | | Different types of Mosque | • What places are special to me? |
| community. | | Public v Private worship | How should people behave in |
| Going to the Mosque helps give a sense of belonging as Muslims gather there to give | | • Community uses of the Mosque – e.g. | holy buildings? |
| thanks to Allah. | | Madrasah school for children to learn | Why is it important to be |
| They wash before prayer with others and join their fellow Muslims praying on the | | Arabic | respectful in holy buildings? |
| floor of the prayer room as all are equal in the eyes of Allah. | | Muslim teachings on equality from the | Why is it important for people to |
| Purpose built mosques are very recognisable from the outside with a | | Qur'an and the example of Muhammad | be treated equally? |
| large domed roof covering the main prayer hall | | | How could I show people that |
| tower called a minaret from which the Call to Prayer is made. | | | we are equal? |
| Inside the Mosques there is usually a | | | |
| | ne stairs) for the Imam (prayer leader) to | | |
| stand on when he gives his sermon. | | | |
| | ah wall. This wall signifies the direction of | | |
| Makkah to which Muslims pray. | History/Contact | Increase on halfarray/dath life | Colord committee line |
| Key Terms and definitions | History/Context | Impact on believer/daily life | Spiral curriculum link |
| Mosque: Islamic place of worship | Muslims believe they are all part of a | Having access to a Mosque is important for | Refer to Yr2 Spring 1 and some key |
| Ummah: Muslim community | worldwide community called the | Muslims as the building is used for many | beliefs in Allah – wanting to show |
| Qiblah wall: faces Makkah | Ummah – this connects Muslims from all over the world. | community activities. Muslims will try to be | respect to Allah leads Muslims to wish to pray in a clean place. |
| Minbar: stairs | In non-Muslim majority countries | involved in the upkeep of the Mosques and donate money to ensure it is maintained | Meeting together in the mosques |
| Minaret: tower | Mosques are often converted | donate money to ensure it is maintained | and praying on the floor reinforces |
| | I Mosques are orten converted | | Tana praying on the moor reminerees |

buildings

| Dome : semi-circular roof above the prayer hall | Friday early afternoon prayers are usually the main time Muslims will try to get to the Mosque for prayers | eyes of Allah' which is stated in the Qur'an |
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| Home learning ideas/questions: What special places do we have? How do we show respect to our special places? | | |

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